5 Table 2. Overview of tests for SARS-CoV-2

Type of Test	What It Measures	Specimen Type	CPT Codes/ Approximate Cost*	Advantages	Disadvantages
RT-PCR (Molecular)	Nucleic acid from SARS- CoV-2 (RNA)	Naso- pharyngeal swab	CPT code 87635/ \$51.31-\$100	 Detects presence of SARS-CoV-2 virus Used to determine if someone is currently infected Specificity of ≥ 98% (estimate) Sensitivity of 70-95% (estimate) 	 Does not determine if viral material detected is actually viable and capable of being transmitted Negative predictive value dependent on prevalence of COVID-19 in the local community Virus detectable for long periods of time following infection
Antigen Test (Molecular)	SARS- CoV-2 antigens	Nasal swab	CPT code 87426/ (payment rates not available).	• Detects viral surface markers of SARS-CoV-2	 Lower sensitivity compared with molecular techniques resulting in false negatives Need to confirm negative samples with molecular tests
Antibody Test (serology)	SARS- CoV-2 antibodies in the blood	Blood	CPT codes 86328 and 86769/ \$42.13-\$45.23	 Detects presence of antibodies Indicates past exposure to SARS-CoV-2 May help determine if a person can resume work May help determine if a person is a potential donor of convalescent plasma 	 Presence of antibodies does not confirm immunity No specific antibody level cutoff has been determined Cannot be used to diagnose current infection

^{*}CPT, current procedural terminology; Medicare payment rates as of 5/19/2020⁴⁰